### 12 FAH-7 H-690 IMMINENT DANGER NOTIFICATION SYSTEM (IDNS)

(TL:LGP-01; 08-10-2001)

#### 12 FAH-7 H-691 INTRODUCTION

(TL:LGP-01; 08-10-2001)

The Imminent Danger Notification System (IDNS) was established to allow security personnel responsible for access control and perimeter security to alert mission personnel of an imminent attack as soon as it is recognized. The system allows a local guard at an access point or on the perimeter to independently activate the selectone system in case of terrorist attack. The RSO is responsible for determining which official facilities require an IDNS.

## 12 FAH-7 H-692 FUNDING AND PROCUREMENT

(TL:LGP-01; 08-10-2001)

The IDNS should be created by a hard-wired connection; button activated circuit from all perimeter and access control posts directly to the selectone system. DS/CIS/IST/FSE has switches and installation instruction that will be shipped to posts on request. Other parts and needed equipment can be procured locally and mission maintenance staff can do installation of the wiring up to entry into Post One. The final hook up into the selectone system is the responsibility of the SEO. Installation may include an override switch to turn off the alarm should the situation prove non-threatening, but no disabling device can be installed which will interfere with the initial activation of the alarm.

#### 12 FAH-7 H-693 MAINTENANCE

(TL:LGP-01; 08-10-2001)

Maintenance of the portion of the IDNS outside of Post One is the responsibility of the post. The SEO is responsible for maintenance inside of post one. Replacement switches are available from DS/CIS/IST/FSE. An estimate of costs for repair should be included under the S&E portion of the posts annual ICASS budget summary.

#### 12 FAH-7 H-694 DISPOSAL

(TL:LGP-01; 08-10-2001)

The post in accordance with 6 FAM 227, *Disposal of Personal Property*, can dispose of unwanted or unworkable parts of the IDNS.

# 12 FAH-7 H-695 THROUGH H-699 UNASSIGNED